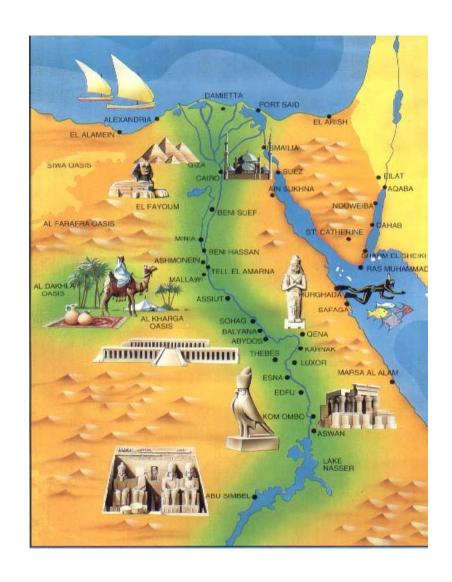


# EGYPT Laura Domínguez Priego

## **Location and population**

- The Arab Republic of Egypt is a transcontinental country spanning the northeast corner of Africa and southwest corner.
- Egypt has one of the longest histories of any modern country arising in the tenth millennium BC as one of the world's first nation states
- The population is over 90 million inhabitants.



#### **Monuments**

The valley of the King is a valley in Egypt.
 The valley contains 63 tombs and chambers.
 Only the famous tomb of Tuntakhamun was spared from the worst of the tomb depredations.



 The pyramids were reserved from the tombs of Pharaoh and his family, were burial chambers and has got the dead body accompanied of treasures.



## **Mummification**

 Mummification is a process in which the skin, a flesh of a corpse can be preserved. The Egyptians thought there was another life after death. Anubis was the god of death.



 Tutankhamun: The curse of the Pharaoh is the belief that anyone who disturbs the mommy of Tutankhamun, will die soon.





# **Location and Population**

- China is a Republic and a sovereing state in East Asia. It is the world's most populous country with a population of over 1,35 billion.
- It is a one-party state governed by the Communist Party, with its seat of government in the capital city of Beijing
- It's the world's second-largest country by land area.
- The capital city of China is Beijing.



## The Great Wall of China

- The Great Wall of China is a series of fortifications made of stone, brick, tamped earth, wood, and other materials.
- Generally built along an east-to-west line across the historical northern borders of China to protect the Chinese state and empires against the raids and invasions of the various nomadic groups of the Eurasian Steppe.



# **New Year's Day**

- New Year is an important Chinese festival celebrated in Spring.
- The first day of the New Year falls on that new moon between 21st January and 20th February.
- The Chinese calendar is a lunisolar calendar which reckons years, months and days according to astronomical phenomena.
- The Chinese calendar has over 100 variants, whose characteristics reflect the calendars evolutionary path.



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## **Location and population**

- The United States of America is a federal republic composed of 50 states and the District of Columbia.
- It is located in North America and it is bordered by the Pacific Ocean and the Atlantic Ocean.
- The capital of the USA is Washington D. C.
- The USA is the third most populous nation in the world, after China and India, with more than 300 million inhabitants.



## Culture

- The United States is home to many cultures and a wide variety of ethnic groups, traditions, and values.
- Food: The most famous American dishes are: apple pie,
  fried chicken, hamburgers and hot dogs.
- Cinema: Hollywood, in Los Angeles, California is one of the leaders in motion picture production.
- Sports: Sports are an important part of the country's culture. The most popular team sports are: American football, basketball, baseball, hockey and soccer.







## **Traditional festivals**

- St Patrick's Day: March 17th. Primarily celebrated by people with Irish backgrounds. Many people wear green clothes and other items on this day.
- Thanksgiving Day: fourth Thursday in November.
  It is a federal holiday. People have dinner with their families and it consists of turkey with stuffing, corn, sweet potatoes, etc.
- Independence Day: The USA declared independence from Great Britain on July 4th, 1776. There are beautiful fireworks, parades, family picnics and parties.







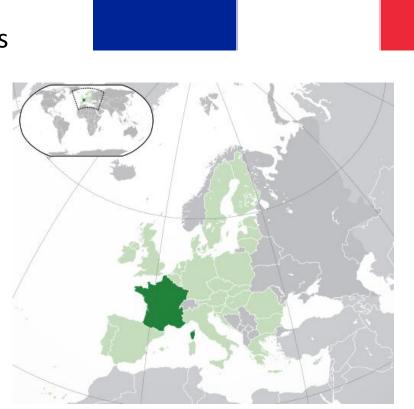


# **Location and population**

 Its capital city is Paris. It is a member of the European Union.

• It's known for its culture, its many monuments and structures.

- France is divided into 22 regions that are further subdivided departaments.
- It's the most visited country in the world.
  About 82 million foreign tourists visit it every year.



#### **Monument**

 Louvre: The museum opened on 10th August of 1793 with and exhibition of 537 paintings.
 Because of structural problems with the building, the museum was closed in 1796 until 1801. The collection was further increased during the reigns of Louis XVIII and Charles X, and during the Second French Empire, the museum gained 20 000 pieces.



# **Typical festival**

The 1900 Summer Olimpycs was an international multi-sport event which was celebrated in Paris, France and it was the last Summer Olimpyics to be held in the 19th century. The Games were held as part of the 1900 World's Fair. 997 competitors took part in 19 different sport.

